One of the most important tasks of international security is the fight against proliferation of weapons of mass destruction. Serbia’s location on the crossroads of transit routes between Western and Southeast Europe and the Mediterranean determines its geo-political position in many aspects, including the trade control in arms, military equipment and dual-use goods. To fulfil this task effectively, it is necessary to establish an efficient, multi-pronged export control system, based on national legislation in accordance with international standards and rules; control lists harmonized with the lists of the international export control regime; cooperation at national and international levels, outreach to the industry and all relevant stakeholders; and a sanctions system.

Cooperation among Mediterranean countries in the field of export control should be improved by its intensification and the sharing of information, including an exchange of end use/r documentation, exchange of national experiences and practices on end use/r control and measures to address diversion, sharing of national points of contact to assist with authentication and verification of end use/r documentation and post-delivery cooperation.