

Chapter 17 Engaging Scientists in Biorisk Management

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Introduction





Biorisk Management requires a set of elements:

- √ formal regulations and polices
- ✓ management systems
- ✓ technical standards
- ✓ informal settings such as responsible culture.

Importance for engaging scientists in biorisk management.

- ✓ Compliance with relevant policies and their awareness of biosafety issues are essential for tackling these traditional laboratories biosafety risks.
- ✓ When face with dual-use dilemma which arising within life sciences, scientists are expected to be more proactively reflective and responsible for the research process and also its product beyond the passive compliance with policies or other ethical rules

Introduction





- Gaps in Biorisk Management.
 - ✓ Scientists' motivation
 - ✓ Scientists' capability

- Explorative Tools and Cases: providing the techniques to scientists to participate in biorisk management as well as strengthening their motivation
 - ✓ IWG: Culture of Biosafety, Biosecurity, and Responsible Conduct in the Life Sciences: (Self) Assessment Framework (international level)
 - ✓ Netherlands Biosecurity Office: Quickscan Series (national level)
 - ✓ iGEM: Responsibility Program (community level)





International Working Group on Strengthening the Culture of Biosafety, Biosecurity, and Responsible Conduct in the Life Sciences (IWG)

International Working Group on Strengthening the Culture of Biosafety, Biosecurity, and Responsible Conduct in the Life Sciences

Elements of Culture

- I. Management Systems
- II. Behavior of Leadership and Personnel
- III. Principles for Guiding Decisions and Behaviors
- IV. Beliefs, Opinions, and Attitudes

-- (Self) Assessment Framework --

Culture of Biosafety, Biosecurity, and Responsible Conduct

in the Life Sciences

January 2020 Working Draft

Example: Overall Culture Assessment and General Interpretation (red: 0%-40% (improvement needed); yellow: 41-60% (caution); green: 61-100% (adequate to excellent)



Management Systems		Behavior of Leadership and	Principles for Guiding Deci-	Beliefs and Attitudes
	[YELLOW]	Personnel [YELLOW]	sions and Behaviors [RED]	[GREEN]
•	Element flagged for concern	 Element flagged for concern 	Element of great con- cern	 Adequate or excellent element
	Actions should be con- sidered to boost en- dorsement of a positive culture of biosafety, bi- osecurity, and responsi- ble conduct	 Actions should be considered to boost endorsement of a positive culture of biosafety, biosecurity, and responsible conduct 	Corrective actions should be taken ASAP	There may still be room for improvement upon further data anal ysis Maintenance/sustaina- bility actions recom- mended.

Example of Numerical Calculation and Color Coding:

		I. Management Systems	N/A or I don't know	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Neither agree or disagree	Agree	Strongly agree	FOR ASSESSOR TEAM USE ONLY Color Scale 0-1-red, 2-3- yellow, and 4- 5- green
	1	My organization has procedures in place to keep employees informed on the risks of unin- tentional and/or intentional release of, or expo- sure to, biological agents and/or toxins that are stored or handled at our facilities.	Ç	Q	Ç	Ç	Q	્	
	2	My organization publicly explains the proce- dures and rules of conduct related to biosafety and biosecurity during new employee orienta- tion.	Ç	Q	Ç	Ç	Ç	ৃ	
İ	3	My organization has a systematic risk-benefit analysis process in place for dual-use research.	Q	Q	Ç	Ç	•	Ç	
	4	The organization has mitigation procedures in place to reduce the risk of unintentional and/or intentional release of, or exposure to, biological agents and/or toxins stored or handled at our fa- cility.	Ç	Q	Ç	•	Ç	Ç	
-	5	My organization has implemented mitigation procedures to reduce the risk of unintentional and/or intentional release of, or exposure to, bi- ological agents and/or toxins stored or handled at our facilities.	Ç	Q	Ç	•	Q	Ç	
	6	My organization has procedures in place which detail the actions required during an incident.	Ô	Q	Ç	Ş	•	Ç	
	7	Lessons learned from emergency drills have improved organizational performance.	Q	Q	Ç	Q ₃	Q	•	
	8	My organization conducts emergency response drills on a regular basis.	Ç	Q	Q	Ç	Q	્	



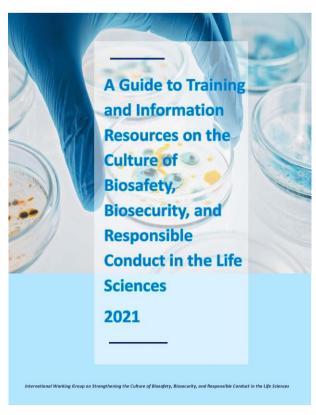
International Working Group on Strengthening the Culture of Biosafety Biosecurity, and Responsible Conduct in the Life Sciences

Culture of Biosafety, Biosecurity, and Responsible Conduct in the Life Sciences

-- (Self) Assessment Framework --

January 2020 Working Draft





Implications from IWG Framework for Engaging Scientists Biorisk Management

- Building the culture of responsibility: the key elements and approaches of engaging scientist in biorisk management
 - Management Systems
 - Behavior of Leadership and Personnel
 - Principles for Guiding Decisions and Behaviors
 - Beliefs, Opinions and Attitudes
- 2. Improving the culture of responsibility: engaging scientist in the assessment of biorisk management systems





Building the Culture Of Responsibility: the Key Elements and Approaches of Engaging Scientist in Biorisk Management

Management Systems

- ✓ Information and explanation
- ✓ Channel of participation and report
- ✓ Systematic risk benefit analysis for dual use research

Behavior of Leadership and Personnel

- ✓ Communication
- ✓ Trust and encouragement
- ✓ Support

- ✓ Vigilance on biosafety and biosecurity
- ✓ Report and self-report without fear
- ✓ Involve in the risk assessment and decision-making process of risks reduction

Principles for Guiding Decisions and Behaviors

- ✓ Organizational guiding principle in reinforce the scientists' engagement
- ✓ Personnel guiding principles in dealing with the diverse biorisks

Beliefs, Opinions and Attitudes





Improving the Culture of Responsibility: Engaging Scientist in the Assessment of Biorisk Management Systems

- The information and feedback provided by scientists
- The assessment processes will actually involve scientists in the biroisk management deeply inducing their reflection about safety and security
- Encourages that leadership and scientists engagement at all levels should foster self-exploration and learning about biosafety and biosecurity

Netherlands Biosecurity Office: Quickscan Series







Welkom bij de Dual-Use Quickscan van Bureau Biosecurity. Het doel van de Dual-Use Quickscan is om onderzoek te kunnen monitoren op potentieel dual-use aspecten. Daarnaast draagt deze tool bij om dual-use bewustwording bij onderzoekers te stimuleren. De resultaten van de Dual-Use Quickscan kunnen gebruikt worden voor overleg over het onderzoek dat mogelijk een dual-use karakter krijgt of kan krijgen en hoe hiermee zorgvuldig om te gaan. Dit overleg is tussen de onderzoekers en een persoon in uw organisatie die verantwoordelijk is voor biologische veiligheid.

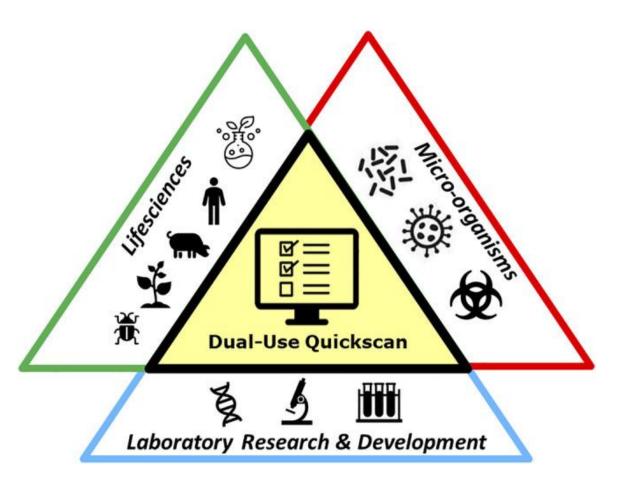
Vragenlijst

De Dual-Use Quickscan bestaat uit een 15-

Uw gegevens

De gegevens die u in deze tool invult





Netherlands Biosecurity Office: Quickscan Series





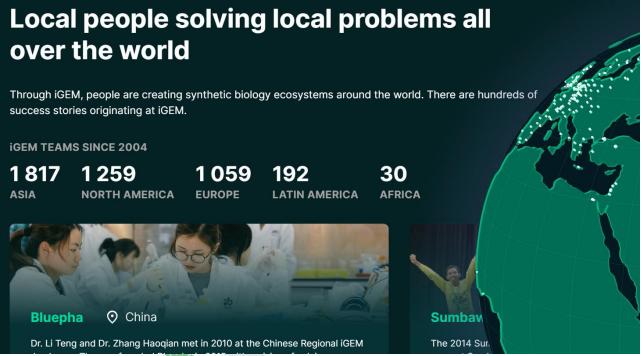
Dual Use Quickscan: Engaging Scientists through Dual Use Risk Factors Identification

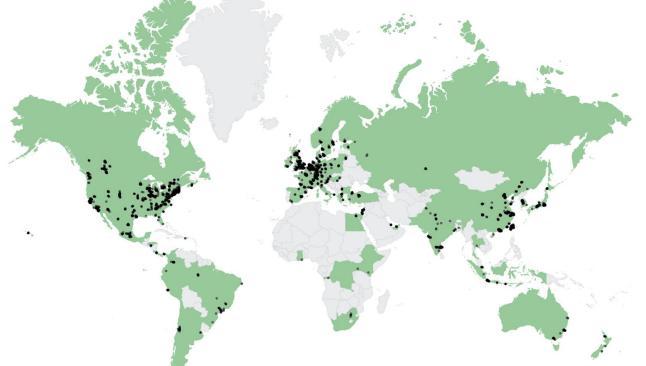
1.	Are you working with a biological agent, or parts of it, that can be considered a high-risk pathogen?				
	○ Yes ○ No ○ Unknown				
	✓ Explanation				
Host range and tropism					
2.	Is the host range or tropism of the biological agent likely to be altered?				
2.	Is the host range or tropism of the biological agent likely to be altered? O Yes O No O Unknown				
2.					
2.	○ Yes ○ No ○ Unknown				
	○ Yes ○ No ○ Unknown				
	Yes ○ No ○ UnknownExplanation				
	Yes ○ No ○ UnknownExplanation				
Vii	○ Yes ○ No ○ Unknown ✓ Explanation rulence				
Vii	Yes No Unknown Explanation rulence May your research increase the virulence of the biological agent?				

High-risk biological agent

No	Themes	No	Themes
1	High-risk biological agent	9	Detection methodology and
			diagnostics
2	Host range and tropism	10	Reconstruction
3	Virulence	11	Harmful effects
4	Stability	12	Knowledge and Technology
5	Transmissibility	13	Ecological consequences
6	Absorption and toxicokinetics	14	Economic consequences
7	Drug resistance	15	Consequences for society
8	Population immunity		

- Basic awareness of biorisk by self- assessment
- Starting tool to perform formal assessment & management
- Deep understanding of biorisk by reference materials







iGEM is international and large.

2004: 5 teams

2019: 353 teams

6375 participants

2020: 249 teams

4800 participants

2023: 397 teams

More than 8000 participants

There are over 75,000 iGEM alumni; many first encounter synthetic biology through iGEM.

i**GEM**



Governing using the competition structure







Medals

All teams compete for medals, criteria on responsibility + collaboration

Awards

Special awards for work in biosafety, public engagement, responsible design

Celebration

Build culture through celebrating great examples of responsible work

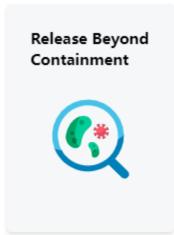


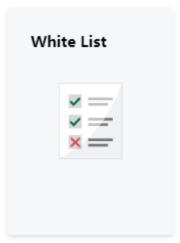


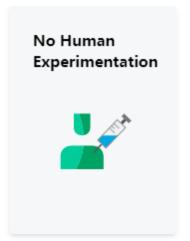
Safety Rules Checklist and Safety Screening System

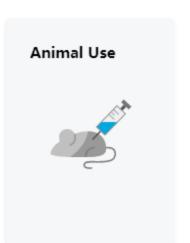
Does any of your work require extra caution?





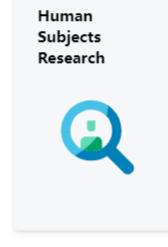






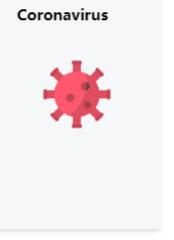
















Safety Rules Checklist and Safety Screening System

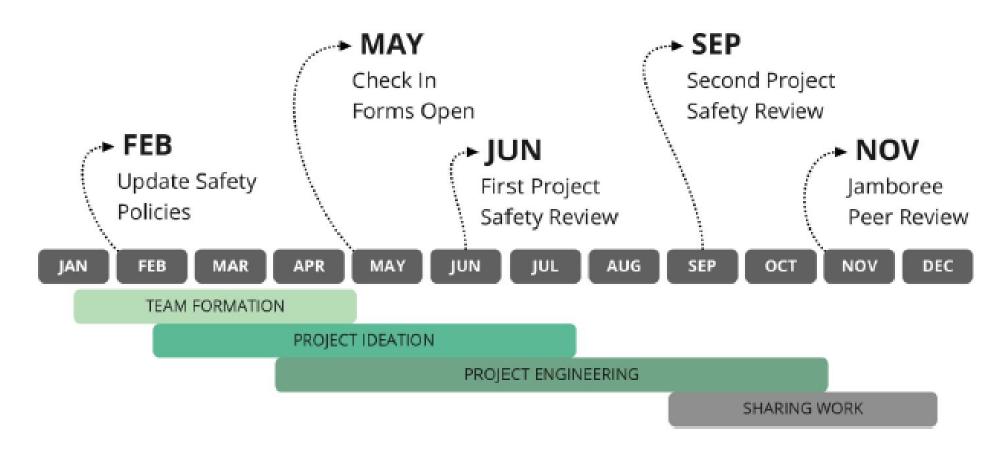


FIGURE 1 iGEM Competition cycle, highlighting the periodic review of projects and policies





Safety Rules Checklist and Safety Screening System

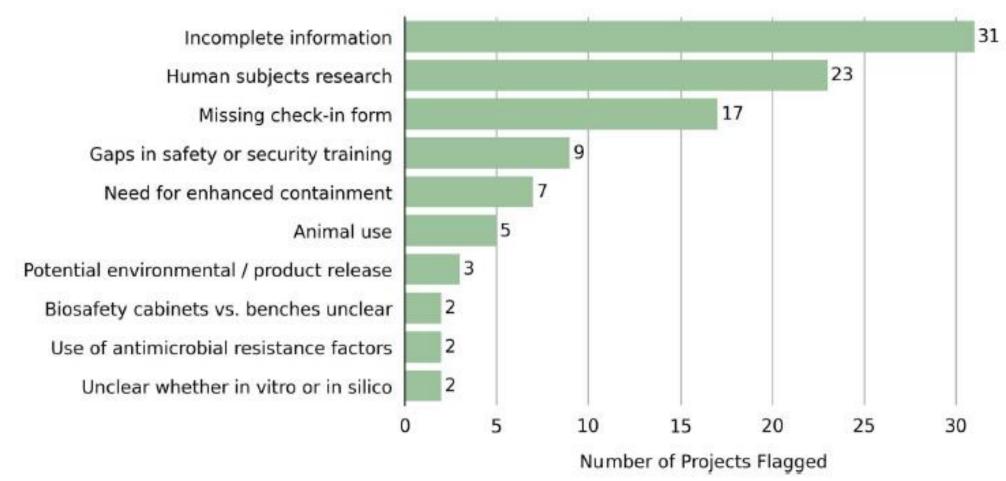


FIGURE 2 Reasons projects were flagged by external reviewers in 2020





Engaging Scientists through Human Practices Program

Is your project responsible and good for the world?



BE REFLECTIVE

Think about what values and needs you are prioritizing, and where you are compromising.



BE RESPONSIBLE

Communicate honestly and consider how your project could impact the world, for better or worse.



BE RESPONSIVE

Listen to and learn from stakeholders and others you engage with.

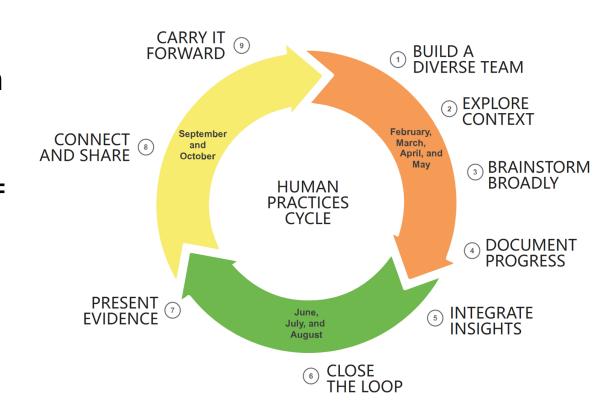




Engaging Scientists through Human Practices Program

Teams can integrate Human Practices into every step of their engineering cycle, from team building to final presentations.

Example messages: "explore the context" = the communities, institutions, or individuals affected by the problems a team wants to work on.







Engaging Scientists through Human Practices Program



Researching policies and practices



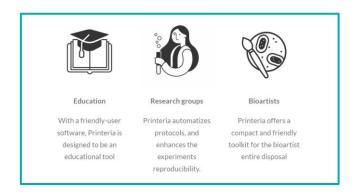
Designing and/or documenting new frameworks and tools



Developing new philosophical and ethical insights



Enabling equal opportunity in scientific practice



Assessing the impact and feasibility of potential products



Engaging with stakeholders, users, and other experts



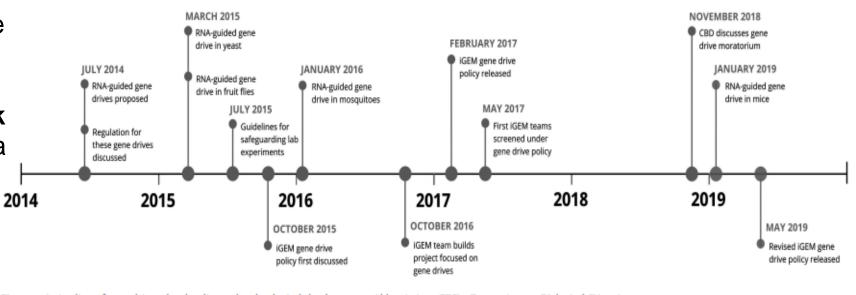


Engaging Scientists through Responsibility Program

iGEM Policy on Gene Drive

iGEM responded to the gene drive project by engaging with the students, convening a group to work with them, and developing a policy to govern future gene drive-related projects.

iGEM draw on existing relationships with key researchers in the field and Figure. A timeline of gene drive-related policy and technological developments. Abbreviation: CBD, Convention on Biological Diversity. thought leaders who could provide oversight of the technology.



Conclusion





Key expected performance of scientists engagement

- The wariness of biorisk
- Self-assessment
- Report of concern and Improvement

Tools and Approaches

- Easily-available tools that guide scientists into a self-assessment
- The availability of "background/reference material" or clear guidance and rules
- Effective encouragement and trust within the management system